District.	Locality.	Price per seer equal to one Imperial quart.						Fixed price per seer for Bakers.		
		Maximum.			Minimum.					
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Mysore.	In the villages of Dyavarsanahalli, Uppanahalli, Kumballi, Debbur, Chikkaiyan Chattra, Toramavu, Mallur, Narsipura, Ganatgala and Madrahalli of the Nanjangud Taluk.	0	0	10	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In all other Kasabas of the District not specified above.	0	0	10	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In all other villages of the District not specified above.	0	0	6	0	0	4	...	...	...
Hassan.	Hassan Town	0	1	0	0	0	10	...	...	...
	Arkalgud Kasaba	0	1	0	0	0	8	...	...	...
	Other Taluk Kasabas	0	1	0	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the villages of Belur Taluk	0	1	0	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In villages except in the Belur, Arkalgud and Manjarabad Taluks.	0	0	6	0	0	4	...	...	...
	In the villages of Saklespur, Sundekere, Belagod, Ballu, Hosakote, Mogge, Sukrvarasante and Kerodi of the Manjarabad Taluk.	0	1	0	0	0	8	...	...	...
	In the villages of Mallipatna, Majalu, Somavarsante, Marati and Marursante of Arkalgud Taluk.	0	1	0	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the villages of Dharmapura, Narasanakuppe and Elahalli of Arkalgud Taluk.	0	0	10	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the village of Ulli Hosur in Arkalgud Taluk ..	0	0	8	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the villages of Mugge and Hullikallu in Arkalgud Taluk.	0	0	10	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the villages of Bannur and Banuvarasante Marti in Arkalgud Taluk.	0	1	0	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the villages of Kongalale Marti and Kadivina Hosahalli, Ukkada in Arkalgud Taluk.	0	0	8	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the villages of Ramnathpur and Basavapatna in Arkalgud Taluk.	0	0	10	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the villages of Kirlapura, Rudrapatna, Karagodu Marti and Gangur Marti in Arkalgud Taluk.	0	0	8	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the villages of Kattepur and Majjanahalli Marti in Arkalgud Taluk.	0	0	10	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the village of Konanur in Arkalgud Taluk ...	0	1	0	0	0	6	...	...	...
Shimoga.	Shimoga Town	0	1	6	0	1	0	...	...	...
	Chennagiri and Honnali Taluks	0	1	0	0	0	6	...	...	...
	All other parts	0	1	6	0	0	6	...	...	...
Kadur.	In the Kasaba and village shops of the Koppa and Mudgere Taluks.	0	1	6	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the Kasaba shops of the other Taluks	0	1	4	0	0	6	...	...	...
	In the village shops of the other Taluks	0	1	0	0	0	6	...	...	...
Chitaldrug.	Kasabas of Taluks and villages	0	1	0	0	0	6	...	...	...

By Order,
M. NARAIN RAO,
for Offg. Chief Secretary.

REVENUE-FOREST NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 15229—R. F. 155-92, DATED 15TH MARCH 1895.

In supersession of all existing rules on the subject, the following revised rules for the sale of timber and bamboos by public auction have been approved by the Government of Mysore, and are published for general information :—

I.—Procedure.

1. Every auction sale shall be held by the Forest Officer in charge of the District or other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner.

2. The highest bidder shall be the purchaser. Should any lot be disputed, it shall be again put up and resold.

3. Each purchaser shall, immediately after a lot has been knocked down to him, sign his name, opposite the number and specification of the lot bought by him, in a book provided for the purpose. Such signature shall be held as an admission on his part of having bought such lot.

II.—Payments how to be made.

4. Immediately after the sale, each purchaser will be furnished with a memo showing the total amount due by him and with a letter of advice to pay immediately twenty-five per cent of such amount as a deposit into the Taluk Treasury at the place, or if there is no such Treasury, to pay the same into the nearest Taluk Treasury before the close of the 3rd or 5th day from the date of the sale as circumstances may require, regard being had to the distance of the Taluk Treasury. A receipt for the deposit money will be granted by the Treasury Officer and must be presented to the Forest Officer at once if the Treasury is at the place of sale, and if otherwise, before the close of the fifth or eighth day from date of sale as fixed. The Forest Officer will initial the receipt and enter on its face the date of presentation. Should any purchaser fail to comply with this regulation, the Forest Officer shall be at liberty to resell all or any portion of the timber and bamboos purchased by such defaulter, who shall be required to make good any loss, but shall not participate in any profit on such resale. The amount due by such defaulter shall be recovered as a revenue demand.

5. The whole quantity purchased by each purchaser must be paid for within 30 days from the date of sale or within such further period not exceeding 90 days from the date of sale under the special orders of the Inspector General of Forests; failing which, the deposit money already paid in shall be forfeited to the Government and the wood or bamboos not paid for shall be resold. Moneys due may be paid into the Treasury of the Taluk in which the Wood-yard is situated, or into the District Treasury, but into no other, except in cases where the merchants are permitted to pay into any other Government Treasury.

III.—Delivery of Wood.

6. No wood can be removed by any purchaser until it has been paid for in full, and until a "license to remove" shall have been obtained from the Forest Officer.

IV.—Wood-yard Rent.

7. Timber and bamboos paid for under the preceding sections may be removed at any time within 30 days from the date of sale, or within such further period not exceeding 90 days from date of sale, as may be fixed by the Forest Officer, as the circumstances of each case may require, without payment of Wood-yard rent; but if left in the Wood-yard longer than 90 days from date of sale, such timber or bamboos shall be charged with Wood-yard rent at 12 per cent per annum on the amount of purchase money from date of sale. If the wood or bamboos be not removed within six months from date of sale, the same shall, after ten days' notice to the purchaser, be sold by public auction for the recovery of rent and cost, after due publicity of the sale, subject to full payment at once and immediate removal, and the balance of sale proceeds, if any, shall be paid to the original purchaser. If before such sale is concluded, the original purchaser tenders the rent due and cost, he shall be allowed to remove his wood or bamboos. The Inspector General of Forests may remit any portion of rent not exceeding three months' rent in any case on sufficient grounds being shown.

V.—Licenses to remove.

8. No wood can be removed from the Wood-yard till a "license to remove timber and bamboos," signed by the Forest Officer in charge of the District shall have been obtained; and all holders of such licenses shall be bound to abide by the conditions laid down in such licenses. Any trader or other person infringing the terms of his license, or not returning his license on the expiration of the time allowed, shall be liable to be dealt with under the conditions prescribed in Section 40 of the Mysore Forest Rules. All time-expired licenses shall be considered as null and void; and extension of time shall not be granted, except on the ground of special and cogent reasons and under Deputy Commissioner's orders.

VI.—General.

9. The Forest Officer shall be at liberty, with the concurrence of the Deputy Commissioner or the officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, if such be present, and failing their presence, on his own responsibility, to stop the sale at any time without giving any reason to the intending purchasers.

No. 15230—R. F. 155-92, DATED 15TH MARCH 1895.

In supersession of all existing rules on the subject, the following revised rules for the sale of sandal-wood by public auction in Mysore have been approved by the Government of Mysore, and are published for general information:—

I.—Procedure.

1. Every auction sale shall be held by the Forest Officer in conjunction with the Deputy Commissioner of the District, or other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner.

2. The highest bidder shall be the purchaser. Should any lot be disputed, it shall be again put up and resold.

3. Each purchaser shall, immediately after a lot has been knocked down to him, sign his name, opposite the number and specification of the lot bought by him, in a book provided for the purpose. Such signature shall be held as an admission on his part of having bought such lot. The lot thus sold shall remain intact till weighment by the Forest Officer under para 6 of these rules.

II.—Payments how to be made.

4. Immediately after the sale, each purchaser will be furnished with a memo showing the total amount due by him and with a letter of advice to pay immediately 25 per cent of such amount as deposit into the Taluk Treasury at the place, or if there is no such Treasury, to pay the same into the nearest Taluk Treasury before the close of the third day from the date of sale. A receipt for the deposit money will be granted by the Treasury Officer and must be presented to the Forest Officer before the close of the fifth day. The Forest Officer will initial the receipt and enter on its face the date of presentation. Should any purchaser fail to comply with this regulation, the Forest Officer shall be at liberty to resell forthwith all or any portion of the sandal-wood purchased by such defaulter who shall bear any loss, but shall not participate in any profit that may arise. The amount due by such defaulter shall be recovered as a revenue demand. To meet the convenience of intending large and recognized purchasers, deposits in advance will be received from them in currency notes sent by post duly registered to the address of the "Officer in charge of the State Huzúr Treasury, Bangalore," or by remittances through the Madras Bank in favor of that Officer or cash paid into that Treasury. Such deposits do not bind the Forest Department to sell the wood to the depositors or to show them any indulgence which is not shown to others or to exempt them from their liability to these rules. The Officer in charge of the Huzúr Treasury shall give intimation to the Inspector General of Forests, of all receipts of deposits the same day they are credited at the Treasury, for communication to the Forest Officers concerned, and adjust such deposits as instructed by the Inspector General of Forests. Unutilised deposits shall be returned to the party concerned on the certificate of the Inspector General of Forests.

5. The whole quantity purchased by each merchant must be paid for within 90 days from the date of sale, failing which, the deposit money already paid in shall lapse to the Government and shall not be counted as part payment. The sandalwood not paid for shall be resold. Moneys due may be paid into the Treasury of the Taluk in which the Kóṭhí is situated, or into the District Treasury, but into no other, except in cases where the purchasers are permitted to pay into any other Government Treasury. Depositors under the above para may pay into the Huzúr Treasury the balance due for their sandal-wood purchases at each Kóṭhí, and the receipt granted by the Huzúr Treasury on that account shall be regarded by the Officer selling as payment The Huzúr Treasury Officer shall give intimation of all such payments to the Inspector General of Forests for communication to Forest Officers concerned.

III.—Weighing out and Delivery of Wood.

6. The Forest Officer or, in his absence, any other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, shall personally weigh out the whole quantity of wood bought by each purchaser, and this weighing out of the wood sold in each Kóṭhí must be completed within three months from the date of sale. When weighing, should any surplus be found, it shall be taken out, and should any deficiency occur, the officer weighing will make up the full tale of wood, stamp every piece that can be stamped and take such precautions as shall preclude the lots being tampered with before final removal.

The full tale of wood having been thus once made up, all loss which may afterwards arise from driage or other causes shall be borne entirely by the purchaser, who shall be warned to attend at the weighing out of his lots. Should he not appear in person or by duly constituted agent, the Forest Officer or the officer deputed for weighing, shall weigh out, stamp and seal the lots at his own convenience, and no complaint afterwards made by the purchaser will be attended to. The expenditure incurred in weighing out wood will be borne by the Government, but all expenses necessary for the final removal of the wood from the Kóṭhí shall be borne by the purchaser. Nothing shall prevent a Forest Officer from weighing out wood to any purchaser who wants early delivery upon full payment of the amount due thereon.

7. No wood can be removed by any purchaser until it has been paid for in full and until a "license to remove" shall have been obtained from the Forest Officer.

IV.—Kóṭhí Rent.

8. Wood weighed out, stamped and paid for under the preceding sections may be removed at any time within 90 days from date of sale without payment of Kóṭhí rent. Such wood, if left in the Kóṭhis for more than 90 days from date of sale, shall be charged with Kóṭhí rent at the rate of 4 annas per khandi or 1 rupee per ton per mensem from date of sale for superior sorts, and 2 annas per khandi or 8 annas per ton for inferior sorts, such as milva, chilṭha and white chips. If the wood be not removed within six months from date of sale, the same shall, after ten days' notice to the purchaser, be sold by public auction for the recovery of rent and cost, after due publicity of the sale, subject to full payment at once and immediate removal, and the balance of sale proceeds, if any, shall be paid to the original purchaser. If, before such sale is concluded, the original purchaser tenders the rent due and cost, he shall be allowed to remove his wood. The Inspector General of Forests may remit any portion of rent not exceeding three months' rent in any case on sufficient grounds being shown.

V.—Licenses to remove.

9. No wood can be removed from the Kóṭhí till a "license to remove sandalwood," signed by the Forest Officer in charge shall have been obtained; and all holders of such licenses shall be bound to abide by the conditions laid down in such licenses. Any trader or other person infringing the terms of his license or not returning his license on the expiration of the time allowed, shall be liable to be

dealt with under the conditions prescribed in Section 40 of the Mysore Forest Rules. All time-expired licenses shall be considered as null and void, and extension of time shall not be granted, except on the ground of special and cogent reasons, and under Deputy Commissioner's orders.

VI.—General.

10. In conformity with standing rules, no sandal-wood can be sold by private individuals within the Mysore Territories or be moved from place to place without a license to be granted by the Forest Officer in charge of the range.

11. The Forest Officer in charge shall be at liberty, with the concurrence of the Deputy Commissioner or the officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, if such be present, and failing their presence, on his own responsibility, to stop the sale at any time without giving any reason to the intending purchasers.

No. 18247—*L. F.* 257-92, *dated* 25*th April* 1895.

Under the provisions of Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation it is hereby declared that the undermentioned lands are required for a public purpose, *i. e.*, for opening cross roads to connect main street, Holé-Narsipur Municipality :—

Names of Streets.	Names of Owners.	Dimensions of lands required.			
		Length.	Breadth.	Extent.	
		Yards.			
Yellamdevaru temple street.	Yellamdevaru	22	2¼	49½	
	Venkatesa Setty	15	1¼	18¾	
	Thamma	16	2¼	36	
	Gunda	8	3¼	26	
	Waste land belonging to Utraji Mutt	22	4	88	
	Dasa Naik	19	3¼	61¾	
	Hallykar Dasa	16	3¼	52	
	Ditto	7½	3¼	24⅜	
	Bale Ranganna	8	3¼	26	
Krishnadevaru temple street.	Varakur Ramachar	12¾	1½	17	
	Ranganathachar	12¾	2	25½	
	Ditto	16¾	4½	77⅛	
	Varakur Krishnachar	12½	2¾	33	
	Vissupodachar	7¾	2¾	20½	
	Alankarada Subbammachar	11	2¾	29½	
	Sangle Krishnachar	3½	2	6½	
	Vine Sinappa	16	4¾	74⅓	
	Vacant site of Krishnadevaru temple	32½	4¾	151	
Talaitotada street.	Doddamane Sannamma	16½	2	33½	
	Ditto	8	4¾	38	
	Kumbakonay Subbannachar	20	4¾	93½	
	Sangle Subbannachar	15	4¾	70	
	Shamannachar	7½	4¾	36	
	Anantaramaiya	8	4	37⅓	
	Sangle Krishnachar	16¾	4¾	78	
Akkasale street.	Kalasaiya	13	4¾	61¾	Other sites given instead.
	Appanni	12	4	48	
	Chikachari	10	4½	45	
	Land belonging to Kalamma's temple	17	7¼	123¾	
	Puttanna	15	4½	67½	Do
	Kasim Sahi	15½	4¾	69¾	
Doddamane street.	Kasim Sahi	11	16	176	
	Subadar Gururayachar	4	7	28	
	Ditto	13½	2	27	
	Land belonging to Akasta Rameswara's temple	15	2	30	
	Doddamane Gudappa	17	2	34	
	Doddamane Nagappa	19	2	38	
	Ramanna and Venkatramaiya	6	2	12	
	Mysore Subba Rao	17	3	51	
	Havaldar Krishnachar	7	1½	10½	
	Ramachar	7½	1½	11¼	
	Bhimachar	10½	1½	15¾	
	Munshi Rama Rao and Sarpale Subbannachar	10	1	10	